

The isoperimetric problem in Randers plane

By ARTI SAHU GANGOPADHYAY (Varanasi),
RANADIP GANGOPADHYAY (SAS Nagar),
HEMANGI MADHUSUDAN SHAH (Prayagraj)
and BANKTESHWAR TIWARI (Varanasi)

Abstract. In 1947, Busemann observed that a Minkowski circle need not be a solution of the isoperimetric problem in a Minkowski plane. Li and Mo recently showed that the Euclidean circles centred at the origin in a unit ball with the Funk metric are solutions of the isoperimetric problem [9]. In this paper, we construct a class of Randers planes in which *any* Euclidean circle, centered at the origin in \mathbb{R}^2 , turns out to be a local minimum of the isoperimetric problem with respect to the various well-known volume forms in Finsler geometry. As a consequence, it turns out that the Euclidean circles centred at the origin are solutions of the isoperimetric problem in a Randers-type Minkowski plane.

ARTI SAHU GANGOPADHYAY &
BANKTESHWAR TIWARI
CENTRE FOR INTERDISCIPLINARY
MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES
INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE
BANARAS HINDU UNIVERSITY
VARANASI-221005
INDIA

RANADIP GANGOPADHYAY
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES
INDIAN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE EDUCATION
AND RESEARCH
MOHALI, SECTOR-81, KNOWLEDGE CITY
SAS NAGAR PIN-140306
INDIA

HEMANGI MADHUSUDAN SHAH
HARISH-CHANDRA RESEARCH INSTITUTE
A CI OF HOMI BHABA NATIONAL INSTITUTE
CHHATNAG ROAD, JHUNSI
PRAYAGRAJ-211019
INDIA

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