

Multiplicative closure of generalized invertible elements in a ring

By ZHAOYUAN QIN (Nanjing) and LIANG SHEN (Nanjing)

Abstract. Let R be a ring. It is shown that the subset $R^{\{1\}}$ of $\{1\}$ -invertible elements of R is a multiplicative set if and only if R is an SSP ring. As a quick application, it is proved that the upper triangular matrix ring $T_n(R)$ ($n \geq 2$) over any ring R is never SSP. In the case of a ring R with involution, multiplicative property of $R^{\{1,3\}}$, $R^{\{1,4\}}$ and R^\dagger are also characterized. It is shown that $R^{\{1,3\}}$ is a multiplicative set if and only if $R^{\{1,4\}}$ is a multiplicative set, which also implies that R^\dagger is a multiplicative set.

ZHAOYUAN QIN &
LIANG SHEN
SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS
SOUTHEAST UNIVERSITY
NANJING 211189
CHINA

Mathematics Subject Classification: 15A09, 16U99.

Key words and phrases: $\{1\}$ -inverse, SSP rings, $\{1, 3\}$ -inverse, $\{1, 4\}$ -inverse, Moore–Penrose inverse.